

# All Questions papers of Bachelor Level 1st year Humanities 2071

## 1. Compulsory English I Paper (201)

Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 hrs.

Comp. English (201) (For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt ALL the questions.

1. Edit the following sentences: [5]
  - a. I should have went to Palpa.
  - b. She smile as she sing.
  - c. I love, adoring, and cherish him.
  - d. Chandra likes to reads books or listening to sitar music.
  - e. I would have rather be a hammer than a nail.
2. Summarise the essay "Why Go to University?" or "The Library Card" in one long paragraph. [5]
3. Do you accept Socrates' belief in the hereafter? If you share his views, what might a contemporary biologist say about them? What might a Hindu feel about Socrates' indifference to the manner in which his corpse will be disposed of? ("Phaedo") [10]
4. Interpret the poem "Gaia" in one paragraph. [5]

OR
- What are the differences between a conventional lunatic and the lunatic of the poem? ("Lunatic")
5. Apply the four levels of interacting with texts to "Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening" or "Ethics." [15]
6. Write a short essay on "Easter Island, a World Heritage Site." [10]
7. Choose the appropriate word from the list to complete the sentences: [5]
  - (i) Grasping (ii) Monitor (iii) Copyright (iv) Excessive (v) Urge
  - a. Students at Penn State have been punished for ..... downloading.
  - b. The record industry has taken over two hundred people to count for sharing music files in violation of ..... laws.
  - c. Despite the fact that Some people have been fined \$12,000 for sharing music files, students are having a hard time ..... the moral message that downloading is wrong.
  - d. The students have stopped downloading because they worry that record companies will back into their systems and ..... their activities online.
  - e. For some, however, the ..... to download their favourite music at no cost is too strong to resist.
8. How do you feel about genetically engineered babies? Do parents have the right to create the "perfect baby"? What traits would you choose for your child? What problems could this create for society? [10]
9. Imagine that you left your native country to start life in a new country. Write an essay in about 250 Words describing your new surroundings and how they have affected you. [15]
10. Write a long paragraph expressing your opinions on "Secret Government Plan to Tap Telephone." [5]
11. Some workplaces have a policy that prohibits female employees from becoming pregnant for a certain period. Write a five-paragraph argumentative essay in which you discuss the advantages and/or disadvantages of such a policy. [15]

Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 hrs.

Alternative English (201) (For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt ALL the questions.

1. Briefly discuss the major features of Nepali poetry through its different phases with reference to representative writers. Reflect how these phases are inter linked With contemporary political-social context of Nepal. [15]

2. Explain any two with reference to the context: [2×10=20]
- You appeared, I saw you! in your face  
I found such joy that how I know  
no other happiness in this life.  
This is no fulfillment,  
it is a life long thirst,  
a hope which will last until the pyre  
raises its last flag of flame. [Sight of the Incarnation: Avatar Darshan]
  - Now I am beneath some arena of that future,  
writing, erasing, pondering my board.  
Oh Himalaya, King of Mountains,  
hiding in a fringe of clouds,  
Oh frost-singing lands, abode of snow,  
where our emotions and pleas are numbed  
by cold love in the musk deer chase,  
where we have consumed the useless with relish  
and found the tasteless delicious. [The Snow Peak's Blood-Red: Himalchuli Raktim Cha]
  - Like a postman newly transferred,  
who carries a parcel of sun in his back,  
Baisakh is walking on the roof,  
moving with slow heavy steps,  
making the walk swing like a pendulum. [New Year: Naya Varsha]
  - On a rain-soaked Indra - lotus night,  
in the month of Bhadau,  
I do not know who it was that walked,  
Joined to rumor, body fragrant,  
across the mind's unpeopled forests  
unseen. [A Spell: Moha]
3. Comment on any five of the following short stories: [5×6=30]
- Manu Brajaki's "A Small Fish Squats by the Dhobi Khola" [Sano Machha Dhobi Kholako Bagama]
  - Guru Prasad Mainali's "A Blaze in the Straw" [Paraiko A-gg]
  - Daulat Bikram Bista's "The Andhi Khola" [Andhi Khola]
  - Ramesh Bikal's "A Splendid Buffalo" [Lahuri Bhainsi]
  - Shanker Lamichhane's "The Half Closed Eyes of the Buddha and the Slowly Setting Sun" [Ardhamudit Nayan ra Dubna Lageko Gham]
  - Dhruba Chandra Gautam's "The Fire" [A-g La-gi]
4. Write on the role of Jung Bahadur Rana and Chandra Shamsher in introducing western form of modernization in Nepal. [15]
5. Briefly introduce King Mahendra and his activities especially focusing on 'Panchayati System of Governance in Nepal.' [10]
6. Write short notes on any FOUR of the followings: [4×2.5=10]
- Swayambhu
  - Bajrayani Buddhism in Nepal
  - Bhanu Bhakta Acharya
  - Badi people
  - Machhindranath Jatra in Kathmandu
  - Maithili culture

### Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 hrs.

Comp. English (FS.311)

(For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt ALL the questions.

1. Read the following passage and answer the questions: [5×3=15]
- An important aspect of Yanomamo male supremacy is the monopoly which males exercise over the use of hallucinogenic drugs. By taking these drugs (the most

common, ebene, is derived from a jungle vine), men get supernatural visions which the women cannot experience. These visions enable males to become shamans, to visit with demons, and to control malevolent forces. Inhaling ebene also helps the men to ignore extremes of pain and to overcome their fears during duels and raids. The apparent immunity to pain exhibited during the chest-pounding and head-clubbing contests that I will describe in a moment probably results from the analgesic side effects of drugs. Men who have been "tripping" present a formidable sight before they pass out or lapse into a stupor. Green snot drips from their noses; they make strange growling noises, walk on all fours, and converge with invisible demons.

Questions:

- a. What happens to men when they take hallucinogenic drugs?
  - b. What is ebene derived from?
  - c. What happens when men get supernatural visions?
  - d. How do Yanomamo males exercise domination over women?
  - e. What do men do before they lapse into stupor?
2. Read the following poem and answer the questions that follow: [5×3=15]

Whose woods there are I think I know  
 His House is in the village though;  
 He will not see me stopping here  
 To watch his woods fill up with snow.  
 My little horse must think it queer  
 To stop without a farmhouse near  
 Between the woods and frozen lake  
 The darkest evening of the year  
 He gives his harness bells a shake  
 To ask if there is some mistake.  
 The only other sound's the sweep  
 Of easy wind and downy flake.  
 The woods are lovely, dark and deep.  
 But I have promises to keep,  
 And miles to go before I sleep,  
 And miles to go before I sleep.

Questions:

- a. Summarize the poem.
  - b. What does "the darkest evening of the year" refer to?
  - c. What are the two worlds in question?
  - d. Does the narrative touch you in any way? How? Why?
  - e. What do 'woods' refer to?
3. Apply 'the four levels of interacting with the text' on Rabindranath Tagore's "The Cabuliwallah."

OR

[20]

"King John and the Abbot of Canterbury" recounts a conflict between the king and the abbot.

- a. Describe the conflict.
  - b. Explain the reasons for this conflict.
  - c. How is it resolved?
  - d. Describe a similar conflict you may have had in your life.
4. Fiestas meet the psychological needs of The Mexican culture. Do you think holidays, in the same way, meet the psychological needs of the Nepali culture? Compare the two cultures in terms of fiestas and holidays. [15]
5. Write a review of a science fiction or movie you have read or watched. [10]
6. What is the tone of the story "The Jar"? Is it humorous or ironical or sarcastic or detached? [15]
7. Edit the following sentences:
- a. Ganga advised me to go to university.
  - b. Dr. Sharma's views on abortion is quite disturbing.
  - c. The ski are falling.
  - d. Keep eye on this student.



- e. Arati miss her bus.
- f. This problem easy to solve.
- g. I know a old man likes to play marbles.
- h. The milk of cow has many uses.
- i. My brother, he is a great football player.
- j. I cant stand the thought of losing her.

## २. अनिवार्य नेपाली (२०१)

Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs.

### Comp. Nepali (201) (For: Regular Examinee only)

१. तल दिइएको अनुच्छेदमा देखाइत शब्दहरू शुद्ध गरी पुनर्लेखन गर्नुहोस्: ५  
आफना कुरा प्रस्ट र विश्वास पूर्वक राख्न नसक्ने केटाकेटहरू चूप लागेर आदेशको पालना त गर्लान् तर भित्रभित्रै पिरोलिएर कुन्ठित भइरहेका हुन्छन् । ती आफ्ना अभीभावकलाई समानको सट्टा घिणा गर्छन् ।

अथवा

तल दिइएको अनुच्छेदबाट भिन्न भिन्न अक्षर संरचना भएका ५ शब्द छनोट गरी तिनको अक्षर खण्ड छुट्याउनुहोस्:

अभीभावकहरूलाई जतिसुकै मन नपरे पनि परिवारमा नयाँ पुस्ताले राख्ने गरेको स्वतन्त्रताको आकाङ्क्षा स्वभाविक रूपमा हामी मान्छेको जीवनको अनिवार्य यथार्थ हो ।

२. कुनै दुई प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्: २×५ = १०

- (क) निम्नलिखित अनुच्छेद पढी तलका प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्:  
मेरो कोठामा हेर्नुहोस् - बुद्धको सानो मूर्ति छ, नेपालको नक्सा छ, स्वयम्भू र न्यातपोलको तस्वीर छ, नेपाली टिकट र सिक्काहरू छन् ।

(अ) माथिको अनुच्छेदबाट तत्सम, तद्भव र आगन्तुक स्रोतका दुई दुई शब्द टिपोट गर्नुहोस् । ३

(आ) माथिको अनुच्छेदबाट भिन्न भिन्न पदवर्गका पाँच शब्द टिपोट गर्नुहोस्: २

- (ख) तलको अनुच्छेदबाट व्युत्पन्न, समस्त र द्वित्व प्रकृतिका दश शब्द टिपोट गरी तिनको निर्माण प्रक्रिया देखाउनुहोस्:

नेपाली जनतामाथि लामो समयसम्म एकाधिकार शासन चलाउँदै आएको निरङ्कुशताको पक्षधर शक्तिका कारण यहाँ स्वतन्त्रताका निम्ति बारम्बार भएका सङ्घर्षहरू अधुरा रहने गरेका छन् ।

- (ग) प्रश्न नं. २ मा दिइएका अनुच्छेदहरूमा प्रयोग गरिएका निम्नलिखित शब्दलाई पारिभाषिक अर्थ खुल्ने गरी सन्दर्भपूर्ण वाक्यमा प्रयोग गर्नुहोस् ।

मूर्ति, नक्सा, एकाधिकार, संघर्ष, निरङ्कुशता ।

३. कुनै दुई प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्: २×५ = १०

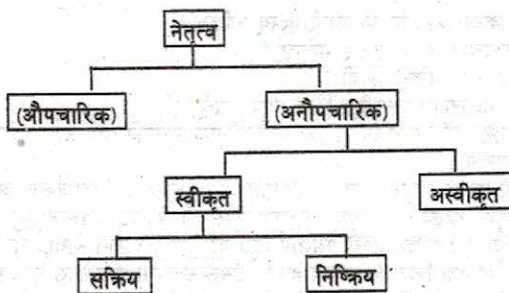
- (क) सामान्य वर्तमानकालका क्रियापदहरूको प्रयोग गरी कम्तीमा पाँच वाक्यमा आफ्नो तात्कालिको दिनचर्यालाई समेटी एक अनुच्छेद रचना गर्नुहोस् ।

- (ख) आज्ञार्थक क्रियापदहरूको प्रयोग गरी कम्तीमा पाँच वाक्यमा भाइलाई घरको कामकाज बारे सम्झाउँदै एक अनुच्छेद रचना गर्नुहोस् ।

- (ग) तलका वाक्यहरूलाई एउटै वाक्यमा संश्लेषण गर्नुहोस् ।

आज बादल लागेको छ । आज गर्मी पनि निकै छ । आज पानी पर्छ । आज सितल हुन्छ । आज सुत्न पाइन्छ ।

४. तल दिइएको तालिकालाई अनुच्छेदमा रूपान्तर गर्नुहोस्: ५



तलको अनुच्छेदका सूचनालाई स्तम्भ चित्रमा रूपान्तरण गर्नुहोस् ।

क्याम्पसन कलेजमा २०६८ मा विज्ञानमा ४००, वाणिज्यमा ३०० र मानविकीमा ५० जना विद्यार्थी थिए भने २०६९ मा विज्ञानमा ७००, वाणिज्यमा ५०० र मानविकीमा ८० विद्यार्थी भर्ना भए । तलको अनुच्छेद पढी अन्त्यमा सोधिएका संसक्तिपरक सम्बन्धमा आधारित प्रश्नको वस्तुगत उत्तर दिनुहोस् :

सिर्जनात्मक लेखनलाई विशुद्ध राजनीतिको आँखाले हेर्दा लेखकमाथि ठूलो अन्याय हुन्छ । साहित्यमा आउँदा कतिपय कुरा रूपान्तरित हुन्छन् । कला र साक्षेप फरक हुन्छन् । कलामा स्थिति अधिल्लिर हुन्छ ऐना जस्तो । निष्कर्ष पाठकले निकाल्छ, पात्र आफैले पनि आफूलाई हेर्ने, बुझ्ने, आवश्यक परे सुधार गर्ने मौका पाउँछ । एउटा लेखकले सचेत बनाउने सम्म हो मान्छेलाई, आक्षेप लगाउँदैन ।

प्रश्नहरू:

- माथिको अनुच्छेदमा विपरीत अर्थ सम्बन्धमा रहेका दुई पद । पदावली कुन हुन् ?
- माथिको अनुच्छेदमा दोस्रो वाक्यमाथि प्रयुक्त 'कतिपय कुरा' पदावलीले सङ्केत गरेको सन्दर्भगत अर्थ के हो ?
- माथिको अनुच्छेदमा अन्तर वाक्यात्मक संयोजनमा के कस्ता संयोजनको प्रयोग पाइन्छ ?
- माथिको अनुच्छेदमा 'लेखक' शब्दका निम्ति प्रयोग गरिएका कुनै दुई पुनरुक्त कथन कुन कुन हुन् ?
- माथिको अनुच्छेदमा 'सिर्जनात्मक लेखन' र 'विशुद्ध राजनीति' शब्दका समानान्तर अर्थसम्बन्धमा आउने पद के हुन सक्छन् ?

तल दिइएको अनुच्छेद पढी अन्त्यमा दिइएका प्रश्नको संक्षिप्त उत्तर दिनुहोस्: १.५×५ = ७.५  
 ऋग्वेदले संरचनात्मक कार्यगत चिन्तन दियो । त्यही कार्यगत चिन्तनको विभेदीकरणलाई विभिन्न पुराणहरूले पुरिदिए । त्यसैले भृगु ऋषि (इ. पू. २००) को मनुस्मृतिले सामाजिक मूल्य बनाइदियो । राजा जयस्थिति मल्ल, राम शाह र जंग बहादुरका अनुदारवादी "सुधार योजना"ले राजनीतिक आधार दिए । सामन्ती संस्कारले विभेदीकरणलाई दिनचर्या बनाइदियो । त्यही संरचनामा दिइएको शिक्षाले विभेदी सोचकै पुनर्जन्म गराइ रह्यो । यसरी हामीले विभेदीकरणको सोच बोकि रह्यौं । हाम्रो साचेले तल्लो र मल्लो जात बनाइ रह्यो । पुरुष ठूलो र प्रकृति सानो भनि रह्यो । लोग्ने मानिस ठूलो र स्वास्नी मानिस सानो भनि रह्यो । दलित सानो र गैरदलित ठूलो भनि रह्यो । यिनै भनाइका परिणतिहरू हाम्रा गराइमा देखिए ।

किन हाम्रा "गराइहरू" भत्किएनन् ? किनकि हामीसँग पितृसत्तात्मक सोच रह्यो वंश पुरुषको माध्यमबाट सन्ने सोच, सम्पत्ति पुरुषले प्राप्त गर्ने सोच, स्त्रीको स्त्रीत्वमा पुरुषको मात्र अधिकार हुने सोच । "चतुर धर्म"ले सिर्जको विकृत संस्कृति रह्यो । यसरी दलित महिलाहरू तीन तरीकाले शोषित भए- महिला भएर पितृसत्तात्मक ढङ्गले, दलित भएर जातीय ढङ्गले, दलितकी पनि छोरीभएर घरेलु ढङ्गले ।

बोधप्रश्नहरू

- संरचनात्मक कार्यगत चिन्तन भनेको के हो ?

(ख) विभेदीकरण अन्तर्गत के कस्ता विषय पर्दछन् ?

(ग) पितृसत्तात्मक सोच केलाई भनिन्छ ?

(घ) "चतुर धर्म" भनेको के हो ?

(ङ) दलित महिलाहरू कसरी शोषित भएका छन् ?

७. तलको अनुच्छेद पढी अन्त्यमा दिइएका बहुवैकल्पिक प्रश्नको सही उत्तर पहिचान गरी रेजा चिह्न

(✓) लगाउनुहोस्:

१.५ × ५ = ७.५

धर्मको एउटा प्रभाव परिवार तथा पारिवारिक सम्बन्ध, क्रियाकलाप आदिलाई अक्षुण्ण तथा बलियो राख्नुमा रहेको छ । परिवारका कुनै सदस्यको भौतिक अवसान हुनु परिवारकै लागि ठूलो क्षतिको घटना हो । आदिमानवले यसलाई बढो गम्भीरताका साथ लियो, कारण यस क्षतिले उसको हातमुख जोर्ने दैनिक क्रियाकलापमात्र होइन, उसले स्थापना र विकास गरेको सामाजिक व्यवस्था, सामूहिक क्रियाकलाप, योजना र कार्यक्रममा समेत अचानक सङ्कट पन्यो । परिवारको वृद्धि वा नेतृत्वमा रहेको व्यक्तिको मृत्यु भएमा त्यसले नेतृत्वमा पनि सङ्कट ल्यायो । अतः मरेपछि पनि त्यस पुर्खाको देनलाई उसका सन्तानले बिर्सैनन् । फलतः पितृ वा पुर्खाको पूजाको प्रचलन सुरु भयो । विश्वका विभिन्न प्राचीन संस्कृतिमा यो प्रवृत्ति र परम्परा पाइन्छ भने धेरैजसो संस्कृतिमा पितृपूजा अहिले पनि महत्त्वपूर्ण धार्मिक विधि अनुसार सम्पन्न गरी धार्मिक कार्यको वा संस्कारको रूपमा मानिन्छ । प्राचीन ग्रीस, रोम, मिश्र, चीन आदि प्राचीन सभ्यतामा यो परम्परा धेरै सशक्त थियो । समाज बढी पितृसत्तात्मक ढङ्गले सङ्गठित रहेको सभ्यतामा पुरुष पितृलाई विविध उपचारले प्रसन्न राखिन्थ्यो । भारतमा प्रवेश गरी हिन्दू सभ्यताको विकास गर्ने आर्यहरूले अनेक श्राद्ध तथा विविध विधिले पिण्ड, तर्पण आदिबाट पितृपूजा गर्ने र अन्य सभ्यतामा भने आवश्यक खाद्य, पेय तथा आरामका वस्तुहरू साथै राखी अन्त्येष्टि संस्कार सम्पन्न गर्ने परम्पराको पनि विकास भयो ।

पारिवारिक सङ्गठनमा विवाहको भूमिका महत्त्वपूर्ण हुन्छ । सामाजिक विकासका क्रममा मानिस विवाह गरेर परिवार बसाल्ने युगमा आएपछि विवाह, विवाह विच्छेद आदि नियमहरू पनि बनाइए । प्रायः सङ्गठित धर्महरूले एक स्वरले विवाहको महिमा गाएका र विच्छेदलाई दुःखदायक ठानेका छन् । अतः रोमनसम्राट् अगस्तसले विवाह विच्छेद तथा पुनर्विवाहका कानून एकैसाथ बनाएर लागू गरे । धेरै समाजमा विवाह धार्मिक विधिद्वारा सम्पन्न गरिन्छ । यसका साथै, वंशवृक्षको निरन्तरता विवाहको मुख्य धर्म मानिन्छ ।

बहुवैकल्पिक प्रश्नहरू:

(i) पारिवारिक सम्बन्ध बलियो रहनाको मूल कारण के हो ?

(क) धार्मिक-सांस्कृतिक आस्था

(ख) हातमुख जोर्ने समस्या

(ग) कुशल नेतृत्व

(घ) सामाजिक व्यवस्था

(ii) पितृपूजाको प्रचलन किन शुरू भएको होला ?

(क) नेतृत्वप्रतिको आस्था

(ख) पुर्खाको देनको स्मरण

(ग) धार्मिक-सांस्कृतिक संस्कार

(घ) वियोगको पीडाबाट मुक्ति

(iii) 'पितृसत्ता'को खास अर्थ के हो ?

(क) परिवारमा बाबुलाई ठूलो मान्छे मान्नु

(ख) मरेका पितृलाई पिण्ड पानी दिनु

(ग) महिलालाई भन्दा पुरुषलाई प्राथमिकता दिनु

(घ) पिताको नामबाट वंशविस्तार हुनु

(iv) पितृपूजाको उत्कृष्ट विधि के होला ?

(क) श्राद्ध र पिण्ड दान गर्नु

(ख) पितृको अन्त्येष्टिमा खाद्य पेय आदि वस्तु राख्नु

(ग) पितृलाई सम्झेर दान-दातव्य गर्नु

(घ) पितृका नाममा समाजको हित हुने कार्य गर्नु



- (v) पारिवारिक सम्बन्ध निर्माणमा धर्मले दिएको सबैभन्दा ठूलो योगदान के हो ?  
 (क) विवाह विधि  
 (ख) पितृपूजा  
 (ग) वैवाहिक सम्बन्धको निरन्तरता  
 (घ) अन्येष्वि संस्कार

८. प्रश्न नं. ७ मा दिइएको अनुच्छेदलाई एक तृतीयांशमा संक्षेपीकरण गर्नुहोस् । ५  
 ९. बेराजगारी समस्या शीर्षकमा १५० शब्द सम्मको अनुच्छेद रचना गर्नुहोस् । ५

अथवा

तल दिइएको बुँदासारका आधारमा एउटा अनुच्छेद लेखी शीर्षक समेत दिनुहोस् ।

अदूरदर्शी नेतृत्व - व्यावसायिक शिक्षाको अभाव - सहर केन्द्रित विकासको मोडाल - अनियन्त्रित जनसंख्या वृद्धि - स्रोत र साधनको कमी ।

१०. क्याम्पसमा आफूसँग अध्ययन गर्ने साथी दुर्घटना परी दिवङ्गत हुँदा कक्षाका साथीहरूका तर्फबाट पत्रिकामा प्रकाशित गरिने समवेदना पत्रको नमुना बनाउनुहोस् । ५

अथवा

नगरको सरसफाइका लागि नगरपालिकाबाट दिइने जनचेतनामूलक विज्ञापनको नमुना लेख्नुहोस् ।

११. निम्नलिखित विषयमा ३०० शब्द सम्मको निबन्ध लेख्नुहोस्: ८

(क) नेपालमा पर्यटन विकासका सम्भावना

(ख) अनियन्त्रित जनसंख्या वृद्धि

(ग) नेपाली संस्कृति

१२. तपाईंको क्षेत्रमा वर्षेनी लाग्ने कुनै एक मेलाको धार्मिक-सांस्कृतिक महत्त्व, जनसहभागिताको विवरण दिई त्यसलाई अभि बढी व्यवस्थित बनाउन अपनाउनु पर्ने भावी योजनाहरू समेत सुझाव दिई प्रतिवेदन लेख्नुहोस् । ७

१३. तलका कुनै दुई प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्: २×५ = १०

(अ) 'तिस्रो र हास्रो मनएक होओस्' कविताको पठन र आस्वादनपछि आफूमा परेको प्रभावलाई संक्षेपमा व्यक्त गर्नुहोस् ।

(आ) 'के नेपाल सानो छ' निबन्धमा देवकोटाले प्रस्तुत गरेको 'सानो' र 'ठूलो'को परिभाषामाथि टिप्पणी गर्नुहोस् ।

(इ) 'गाउँमा गीतहरू गुञ्जिंदैनन्' कथाले प्रस्तुत गरेको सामाजिक परिवेशको वर्णन गर्नुहोस् ।

१४. 'सत्ताको खोजमा' लघुनाटकमा नारी अस्मिताको कुन पक्ष उद्घाटित भएको छ ? विवेचना गर्नुहोस् । १०

अथवा

'चुली' उपन्यासले नेपालको हिमाली जनजीवनलाई कसरी चिनाएको छ ? विवेचना गर्नुहोस् ।

### Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Comp. Nepali (FS. 312) (For: Regular Examinee only)

Time: 3hrs.

१. प्राकृत र अपभ्रंश भाषाहरूसँग नेपाली भाषाको सम्बन्ध प्रष्ट्याउनुहोस् । १५

अथवा

नेपाली भाषाका प्रयोग क्षेत्र के कति छन् ? विवेचना गर्नुहोस् ।

२. नेपाली शब्दको निर्माण प्रक्रिया कस्तो पाइन्छ ? ७.५

अथवा

समास के कति प्रकारको हुन्छ ?

३. तलको अनुच्छेद पढी अन्त्यमा सोधिएका प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर दिनुहोस्: ५×१.५ = ७.५

प्रथमपटक १८०० इ. पू.मा पश्चिम इरानमा कस जातिको उपस्थिति रहेको प्रमाण प्राप्त भएको छ । बेबिलोनको प्रख्यात सम्राट हम्मुरावि -अ. १७९२-५० इ. पू. का छोरा तथा उत्तराधिकारी सम्सुलुना (अ. १७४९-१२ इ. पू.) ले १७२६ इ. पू. तिर दजला नदीको दोभान नजिकै दियाला भन्ने स्थानमा कसहरूको आक्रमणबाट आफ्नो राज्यलाई जोगाउन एक सुरक्षा किल्ला बनाएको उल्लेख पाइएको छ । तथापि कसहरूको आक्रमण जारी नै रह्यो । १७०० इ. पू.मा

उनीहरूको बेविलोनमा अधिकार गरिहाडे। एकजना कस राजा अगम (द्वितीय)ले पश्चिमी इरानदेखि लिएर फरात नदी उपत्यकाको मध्यभागसम्मको विस्तृत राज्यमा शासन गरे। उनले हितीहरूद्वारा लुटेर लिएएका बेविलोनका प्रमुख देवता मारुदको मूर्तिलाई फिर्ता ल्याए। मारुदको स्थान पनि कसहरूको आफ्नै देवता शुक्रामुनाको समकक्ष मानियो। अर्का कस राजा उलम्बुरियशले १४५० ई. पू. का आसपासमा दक्षिण बेविलोनमा पनि अधिकार कायम गरे। उनले असिरियामा गएर मिश्रसँग मित्रता बढाए। राजा करणदाशले १४२० ई. पू. तिर उरुकमा एउटा राम्रो मन्दिर बनाए। राजा कुरिगलशु (प्रथम) ले आफ्ना नामबाट बगदाद नजिकै कुरिगलशु नामको राजधानी सहर बसाए। उनको समय अ. १४१५-१३९० ई. पू. मानिएको छ। उनका उत्तराधिकारीहरू कड्डमान प्रथम (अ. १३९०-१३७५ ई. पू.) र बुर्बुरियस (द्वितीय) (अ. १३७५-१३३७ ई. पू.) को मिश्रका राजाहरूसँग मैत्रीपूर्ण सम्बन्ध थियो। कस राजा र मिश्रका राजाहरू बीच नीलमणि र सुनको लेनदेन चल्दथ्यो र वैवाहिक सम्बन्ध समेत हुने गर्दथ्यो

प्रश्नहरू:

(क) कसहरूले बेविलोनमा कसरी अधिकार कायम गरेका थिए ?

(ख) बेविलोनियाली कस साम्राज्यको भौगोलिक सीमा कस्तो थियो ?

(ग) बेविलोनमा 'मारुद'को एथान कस्तो थियो ?

(घ) राजा उलम्बुरियशको शासनकाल कस्तो रह्यो ?

(ङ) छिमेकी राज्यहरूसँग कस साम्राज्यको सम्बन्ध कस्तो थियो ?

४. 'चलचित्रमा बढ्दो अश्लीलता' शीर्षकमा आधारित रही अपूर्ण र पूर्ण पक्षका क्रिया प्रयोग गरी १०० शब्दसम्मको अनुच्छेद रचना गर्नुहोस्। ७.५

५. निम्नलिखित अनुच्छेद पढी एक तृतीयांशमा संक्षेपिकरण गर्नुहोस्: ७.५

पुस्तकालयका चारवटा कार्यहरूमध्ये चौथो कार्य ज्ञान सामग्रीहरूको संरक्षण गर्नु हो। बहुजनहिताय स्थापित पुस्तकालय सामाजिक संस्था हो। यसको स्थापनामा समाजका धेरै मानिसहरूको श्रम, समय, धन खर्च भएको हुन्छ। त्यसैले सङ्कलित पुस्तकादि ज्ञान सामग्रीहरू अहिलेका मानिसहरूले मात्र होइन पछिका पुस्ताहरूले पनि पढ्न पाऊन, यी सामग्री अभिलेखको रूपमा पछिको लागि पनि प्रयोग रहिरहोस् भनेर संरक्षण र स्याहारसम्भार गरिन्छ। पुस्तकादि ज्ञान सामग्रीहरू देशको ऐतिहासिक, शैक्षिक, सांस्कृतिक धरोहर हुन्। तसर्थ पुस्तकहरूलाई भविष्यको लागि सुरक्षित राख्ने हरेक विधि अपनाइ राख्नु पुस्तकालय कर्मचारीको दायित्व हो। यति मात्र होइन, पुस्तकालयका सामग्रीहरू धेरै वर्षको प्रयासमा अलिअलि गरी क्रमशः बढ्दै गएको संग्रह हो जुन संग्रह खडा हुन धेरै व्यक्तिको र मातृसंस्थाको यथेष्ट लगानी पनि भएको हुन्छ। पुनः हतपत् त्यस्ता संग्रह निर्माण गर्न नसकिने हुनाले भविष्यको लागि सो संकलनको संरक्षण हुन अनिवार्य मानिन्छ।

६. कुनै दुई प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्:

२×१५ = ३०

(क) 'अमर सिंह' नाटकले नेपालको तात्कालीन राष्ट्रिय अवस्थालाई कुन रूपमा प्रस्तुत गरेको छ ? विवेचना गर्नुहोस्।

(ख) 'पल्लो घरको भूयाल' उपन्यासमा मिसिरीको मनोदशा कस्तो पाइन्छ ? विवेचना गर्नुहोस्।

(ग) 'पागल' कवितामा के कस्तो सामाजिक व्यङ्ग्य पाइन्छ ?

७. कुनै दुई प्रश्नको संक्षिप्त उत्तर दिनुहोस्: २×७.५ = १५

(क) 'भिनाजुको स्वेटर' कथाको प्रतीकात्मक अर्थ के हो ?

(ख) 'गोथलीको चिरिबिरी' कवितामा जीवनको परिभाषा कसरी प्रस्तुत गरिएको छ ?

(ग) 'आलु' निबन्धको व्यङ्ग्यार्थ के हो ?

८. तलका कुनै दुई उद्धरणहरूको प्रसङ्ग निर्देश गर्दै विषयवस्तु भाव र भाषिक विशेषताको संक्षिप्त व्याख्या गर्नुहोस्: २×५ = १०

(क) समाजको दुखको अन्त्य न कागजमा कोर्दैमा हुँदोरहेछ, न बोल्दैमा मात्र।

यसको लागि त समाजको जरा देखि नै परिवर्तन गर्नुपर्छ।

('बोलाहा काजीको सपना'बाट)

(ख) हो बा त्यो आउँछ।

त्यो विहानको सूर्य भै उज्यालो छुदै आउँछ। ('आमाको सपना'बाट)

(ग) आलु खाएर पेडाको धाक नलगाउने हो भने वास्तवमा आलु नै मान्छे र मान्छे नै आलु हो। त्यसैले यो कही उसिनिन्छ, कही कबाफ लाग्छ। ('आलु'बाट)



### 3. Major English I Paper (Eng. 311)

Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 hrs.

#### M. English (311) (For: Regular Examinees only)

##### SECTION "A"

1. Answer any three of the following questions: [3×8=24]  
a. Discuss the concept of 'death', 'sexuality' and 'dream' in psychoanalytical criticism.  
b. Compare and contrast between French feminism and multicultural feminism with references to relevant critics and their works.  
c. What appropriate relation can be seen between deconstructing language and deconstructing literature?  
d. Explain appropriately the importance of psychological reader response theory and social reader response theory in the interpretation of a text.
2. Answer any TWO: [2×10=20]  
a. From the perspective of New Criticism, discuss the activities and expression of Nick and Jordan as forming the organic unity of the text.  
b. Interpret the role of Gatsby in relation to his major activities from the perspective of 'lacks', 'lapses', 'loopholes', 'fissures'.  
c. Compare and contrast Daisy, Jordan and Myrtle, the three women characters, from *The Great Gatsby* using the feminist critical concepts of 'good girl' and 'bad girl'.
3. Interpret the following poem using one of the theories: [16]  
Psychoanalysis, Feminism, New Criticism and Structuralism.  
I Hate (Ma Ghrina Garchu)

(Bai Krishna Sama)

I hate the loveliest star-studded silks,  
I hate the scent of the prettiest flower,  
I hate the moonlight's thin, lacy veil,  
I hate your sweetest core song  
because, because  
They come between your lips and wine.

##### SECTION "B"

4. Why does Francis Bacon primarily use the technique of "enumeration", "observation", "example", and "reason" to forward his arguments? What other strategies does he use to make his presentation effective? ("Aphorisms concerning the Interpretation of Nature: the kingdom of Man") [10]  
OR  
The most important rhetoric technique used by Rousseau is found to be 'analogy'. Find out a few specific examples of analogy in the essay. ("The Origin of Civil Society")
5. Virginia Wolf talks about the distance between readers and books. What idea does she give to the readers to balance "critical reading" with "devoted reading"? Discuss. ("How Should One Read a Book") [15]  
OR  
Rousseau discusses about one's duty to oneself and one's duty to the whole of which one forms a part. Define each kind of duty and show how one kind may contradict with other. ("The Origin of Civil Society")
6. How is John Lukacs's view of facts different from our common, everyday view of facts? And, if the fact is the something as truth, then what's truth? How can a historical narrative hope to express the truth? ("Fiction or The Purpose of Historical Statements") [15]  
OR  
Machiavelli is cynical about human nature. Is cynicism typical or necessary in a politician? Illustrate the point giving examples from history or from contemporary world of politics. ("The Qualities of the Prince")

मूल नेपाली प्रथम-पत्र (आधुनिक नेपाली आख्यान र नाटक) (311)

(For: Regular Examinee only)

१. कुनै दुई प्रश्नको विवेचनात्मक उत्तर दिनुहोस्: २×१५ = ३०
- (क) इन्द्रबहादुर राईको कथायात्रा र प्रवृत्तिको चर्चा गर्दै उनको 'खीर' कथाका मुख्य विशेषताहरू प्रस्तुत गर्नुहोस् ।
- (ख) आधुनिक नेपाली उपन्यासको विकासप्रक्रियाका विभिन्न चरणहरू देखाई तिनका प्रमुख प्रवृत्तिहरूको निरूपण गर्नुहोस् ।
- (ग) विजय मल्लका नाट्यप्रवृत्तिको चर्चा गर्दै वस्तु योजना र चरित्रविधानका दृष्टिले 'मानिस र खुपडो' नाटकको विवेचना गर्नुहोस् ।
२. कुनै चार प्रश्नको संक्षिप्त उत्तर दिनुहोस्: ४×७.५ = ३०
- (क) नाट्यविधाका प्रमुख तत्त्वहरू के के हुन् ?
- (ख) रमेश विकलका कथामा के कस्ता विशेषता पाइन्छन् ?
- (ग) 'सिटीहलको बूढो ज्यामी' कथाले के कस्तो सन्देश दिएको छ ?
- (घ) 'चपाइएका अनुहार' उपन्यासमा के कस्तो विषयलाई समेटिएको छ ?
- (ङ) 'अलिखित' उपन्यासको शीर्षकीकरणको सार्थकता कसरी सिद्ध गर्न सकिन्छ ?
- (च) 'क्रान्तिको पृष्ठभूमि' मा के कस्तो एकाङ्कीगत विशेषता पाइन्छन् ?
३. तलका अनुच्छेदहरू पढी तिनका अन्त्यमा सोधिएका प्रश्नको छोटोछरितो उत्तर दिनुहोस्: १.५×५ = ७.५×२ = १५
- (क) बेवारिस मुर्दालाई कसले पुन्याउँथ्यो बाबु ? झुम-मेहतरले कुकुर-बिरालो फाले भैं घिच्चाएरै फालिदिन्छन् । मैले भेटेका जतिलाई घाटमा पुन्याएर जलाइदिने गरेको छु । तर के गर्नु बाबु, बोक्ने मानिस र दाउराले बडो मुस्किल पछि । नेपालीहरूलाई भन्न गयो भने यो जात र ऊ जात भन्न थाल्छन् । कफन-दाउरामा गरेर मेरो हरसाल सौ सवासौ रुपियाँ खर्च हुन्छ । अब के गर्ने त, आफ्ना देशका मानिस हुन्, अर्थो क नभए पनि धर्म त होला ।
- प्रश्नहरू:
- (अ) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश कुन कृतिबाट निकालिएको हो र यसका लेखक को हुन् ?
- (आ) यो संवाद कसले कसलाई भनेको हो ?
- (इ) यस कथनमाफत कथयितामा के कस्ता चारित्रिक विशेषता देखिन्छन् ?
- (ई) यहाँ कथयिताले आफ्ना सङ्गतमा रहेका नेपालीहरूका बारेमा कस्तो दृष्टिकोण प्रस्तुत गरेको छ ?
- (उ) कथयिताले आफूले गरेका कार्यहरूलाई के भनेर चित्त बुझाएको छ ?
- (ख) गरुडध्वज - हेर न पंफी, तिमीहामी केटाकेटी छँदा कहिल्यै अरुले हालेको कथामा शङ्का उठाउँथ्यौं ?
- आजकलकालाई पूरा प्रमाण दिनुपर्छ, तिमीहामीलाई त कानै प्रमाण थियो, सेतो रौ प्रत्यक्ष प्रमाण थियो, संस्कृति अटल प्रमाण थियो ।
- चिन्ची - वा, अनि के भो ? यो दाजु त्यसै बीचम बोलिरहन्छ ।
- पंफा - होइन चिन्चु, आफूले नबुझेको ठाउँमा, आफूलाई शङ्का लागेको ठाउँमा दाजुले जस्तै सोध्नुपर्छ अनि पो बुझि बढ्छ । कथा त यो ढक्कीले पनि सुनेको छ, त्यो कठवारले पनि सुनेको छ, तिमीले पनि सुनेकी छौ, यिनीहरू बुझ्दैनन्, तिमी बुझ्दछ्यौ । बुझ्नेले राम्रोसित बुझ्नुपर्छ ।
- प्रश्नहरू:
- (क) उपर्युक्त संवाद कसको कुन कृतिबाट उद्धृत गरिएको हो ?
- (ख) यहाँ गरुडध्वजले आजकलका मान्छेहरूप्रति कस्तो दृष्टिकोण प्रस्तुत गरेका छन् ?
- (ग) गरुडध्वजले तिमीहामीलाई "सेतो रौ नै प्रत्यक्ष प्रमाण थियो" भनेर के कुरातर्फ सङ्केत गरेका

हुन् ?

(घ) पम्फाले भनेझैँ के ढक्की, कठवारले पनि कथा सुन्छन् त ?

(ङ) कथा सुन्नेबारे पम्फालो कस्तो दृष्टिकोण रहेको छ ?

४. तलका कुनै दुई उद्धरणको प्रसङ्ग उल्लेख गर्दै विषयवस्तु, भाषाशैली र अन्य कलात्मक विशेषताबारे व्याख्या गर्नुहोस्:  $2 \times 9.5 = 19$

(क) मेरो अनुभवमा त त्यो आइमाई भए पनि एउटी त्यस्ती हृदयहीन केटी हो, जसको हृदयतत्त्व स्वार्थ र नोकरीको अध्यासजन्य व्यावसायिकताले खाइसकेको थियो । ('सावित्रीको बाख्रो'बाट)

(ख) प्रत्येक व्यक्तिलाई थोर-बहुत चोट परेकै हुन्छ र अनुभवका लागि मानिस जति जति गहिरोमा पस्छ उति उति साङ्घातिक आक्रमण उसले सहनुपर्छ । जीवन-भोगको चिह्न क्षत-विक्षत हुनु हो । पाप पनि शायद त्यही हो । यही त विडम्बना छ मानव जीवनको ..... । ('तिन घुम्ती'बाट)

(ग) सरकार ! मानिस भन्दैमा सबै एकैनासका हुँदैनन् । सरकार पनि मानिस, भिक्षुक पनि मानिस । कहाँ सरकारको प्रताप, यश, कीर्ति । मुलुकभर जयजयकार ! कत्रो मेघा ! कत्रो उदारीता ! कहाँ भिक्षुक तुच्छ बाहुन । त्यस्तै साँढे भन्दैमा पनि सबै एकैनासका हुँदैनन् । ('साँढे'बाट)

५. तलका प्रश्नको अतिसंक्षिप्त उत्तर दिनुहोस्:  $9 \times 10 = 90$

(क) 'मैले सरिताको हतया गरे' र 'माच्यो च्याङ्वा माच्यो' ककसका कुन विधाका रचना हुन् ?

(ख) गुरुप्रसाद मैनाली कुन धाराका कथाकार हुन् ?

(ग) विश्वेश्वर प्रसाद कोइरालाले आधुनिक नेपाली कथामा प्रवर्तन गरेको धारालाई के भनिन्छ ?

(घ) 'मुलुक बाहिर' र 'चपाइएका अनुहार'का रचनाकार को को हुन् ?

(ङ) 'भिरीषको फूल' उपन्यासमा चर्चित भूमिका लेख्ने लेखक को हुन् ?

(च) 'अलिखित' उपन्यासको प्रथम प्रकाशन वर्ष कुन हो ?

(छ) 'मसान' नाटकका प्रमुख नारीपात्रका नाम के के हुन् ?

(ज) 'गङ्गालालको चिता' कुन विधाको कृति हो र यसका रचनाकार को हुन् ?

(झ) अशेष मल्ल र सशक्तका कुन कुन कृति यस पाठ्यांशमा समाविष्ट छन् ?

(ञ) माधव धिमरेको 'देउकी' कुन विधाको कति सालमा प्रकाशित रचना हो ?

### 5. नेपाल भाषा (N.B. 311) (पद्य साहित्य)

Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs.

### Nepali Bhasha (311) (पद्य साहित्य)

१. यरगु निगूया पूर्वक लिस: बियादिसँ:

(क) महाकाव्य व खण्डकाव्यया मू मूलक्षण न्हयव्वया: पाठ्यांशय् दुध्या:गु महाकाव्य व खण्डकाव्यया लिध्यासाय् अमिगु भिन्नता नं बयनादिसँ ।  $2 \times 20 = 40$

(ख) मानवीय तृष्णा मनूया उमेर कथं पानावनी धैरु खँ 'तृष्णा' खण्डकाव्य व:कया: पूर्वक चर्चा यानादिसँ ।

(ग) कवि सुदन खुस:या 'कार्टूनया शहर' नांगु कविताया ध्वाध्वीक परिचय बियादिसँ  $2 \times 10 = 20$

२. यरगु निगूया चीहाकलं लिस: बियादिसँ ।

(क) 'गजल' ध्यागु गज्यागु काव्य ख: ? गजल च्वयत छु छु नियम पालन याय्मा: ?  $2 \times 10 = 20$

(ख) आधुनिक कविताया परिचय बिया: प्रमुख प्यंगू विशेषता च्वयादिसँ ।

(ग) 'अहर्तनन्द' महाकाव्यया आधारय् सिद्धार्थ गौतम वा नन्द राजकुमारया मचाबलया स्वभाव न्हयव्वयादिसँ ।  $9 \times 10 = 90$

३. यरगु छगूया च्व:प्य: हना: व्याख्या यानादिसँ:

(क) अथ्य संकल्प विकल्प निगलं नांचाय् पाद्

लका नं दशवल दुयाय् ध्यान श्री सुन्दर

(ख) छ नकचरी शनिश्चरी बिखं छ जा:म्ह ख:परी

यु, या:गु छं प्रदूर्षित जिगु ध्व स्वच्छ जीवनी



४. यगु स्वंगूया लिसः बियादिसैः

३×१० = ३०

- (क) काव्यशास्त्रय् रसया महत्त्वात् कयाः चर्चा यानादिसै ।
- (ख) दसुसहित क्वय् बियागु निगू अलंकारया परिचय बियादिसै ।
- (१) श्लेष अलंकार (२) यमक अलंकार (३) उपमा अलंकार
- (ग) नवरस धाय्वलय् छु छु अलंकार दुध्याः पूर्वक च्वयादिसै ।
- (घ) वार्णिक छन्दय् रवःता गण दइ ? गणया परिचय बियादिसै ।

## 6. Economics I Paper (Eco.311) Micro Economics Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Economics - (311) Micro - Economics [For: Regular Examinee only] Time: 3 hrs.  
Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B.

### Group "A"

2×20=40

1. What is indifference curve (IC) approach? Explain how a consumer attains equilibrium under it.
2. What is the theory of the law of variable proportions? Explain.
3. Explain marginal productivity theory of wages. Do you have any justification for its applications in Nepal?

### Group "B"

6×10=60

4. Define micro and macro economics and show their interdependence.
5. What is production function? Explain Cobb-Douglas production function.
6. What is elasticity of demand? Explain its types.
7. Define cost curves. Explain why long run average cost curves are U - shaped.
8. What is perfect competition? How the price and output is determined in the short-run under perfect competition.
9. What is monopoly? Explain how price and output are determined under it.
10. Explain liquidity preference theory of interest.
11. What is partial equilibrium analysis? Explain its merits.

## 7. Political Science (311)

Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 hrs.

Political Science (311) (For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt any FIVE questions selecting at least TWO from each Group.

### Group "A"

1. (a) Define Political Science and discuss its scope.
- (b) What is meant by state? Discuss its elements.
2. (a) Describe the role of civil society in state building process.
- (b) Explain the concept of inclusive democracy.
3. (a) What are the essentials of a good electoral system? Discuss.
- (b) What do you understand by a welfare state? Discuss its characteristics.
4. Write short notes on any TWO of the followings:
  - a. Relationship between political science and economics
  - b. Theory of separation of powers
  - c. Proportional representation

### Group "B"

5. (a) What is political system? Discuss its input-output functions according to Almond and Powell.
- (b) What is meant by political culture? Discuss, in brief, its determinants.
6. (a) What is political socialization? Discuss its main agencies?
- (b) What do you understand by political communication? Discuss its importance.
7. (a) Define political participation and describe its main types.
- (b) Define political party and discuss its main functions.
8. Write short notes on any TWO of the followings:
  - a. Pressure groups
  - b. System capabilities
  - c. Ethno politics

**8. History I Paper (His.311) Ancient and Medieval Nepal**  
**Exam 2071**

Full marks : 90  
Times : 3 hrs

**History of Nepal (Compulsory) [FS.313]**

(For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B.

**Group "A"**

2×18=36

1. Discuss the career and achievements of Amsuvarma.
2. Critically analyse the causes of the failure of the Ranas.
3. Describe the social evils that prevailed in the Nepalese society and attempts to address the evils.

**Group "B"**

6×9=54

4. State the impact of geography in the economic life of Nepalese people.
5. Write a note on Kapilvastu.
6. Highlight on the Changu Narayan inscription of Manadeva.
7. Assess the contribution of Khasa Malla Kingdom. 6. Introduce Deva Shumsher as a liberal Rana ruler.
9. Mention the habitational sites of Ancient Nepal.
10. What is untouchability?
11. Introduce any one festival celebrated by the Himalayan people.

Full Marks : 80  
Time: 3 hrs.

**History His.311 (Ancient & Medieval Nepal)**

Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B.

**Group "A"**

2×16=32

1. Analyse the different sources of Nepali history.
2. Evaluate Amsubarma as an enlightened king of ancient Nepal.
3. State the causes of the fall of the Malla kings of Kathmandu Valley.

**Group "B"**

6×8=48

4. Briefly explain the impact of geography in the foreign policy of Nepal.
5. Introduce Mithila Kingdom of ancient Nepal.
6. Mention the chief features of Lichchhavi administration.
7. Under what circumstances the Doya Kingdom was established?
8. Show your acquaintance with Jitari Malla of Khasa Kingdom.
9. "Pratap Malla was a great lover of art and architecture." Justify.
10. State the role of Six Pradhans of Lalitpur.
11. Write a note on Ranajit Malla of Bhaktapur.

**9. Culture I Paper (NeCHA 311) Political & Cultural History of Nepal**

**Exam 2071**

Full Marks: 100  
Time: 3 hrs.

**NeHCA (311) (For: Regular Examinee only)**

(Political & Cultural History of Nepal)

Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B.

**Group "A"**

2×20=40

1. Throw light on the administrative system of Nepal during the Lichchhavi period.
2. Assess the contribution of Pratap Malla in the medieval history of Nepal.
3. Critically examine the causes and effects of Anglo-Nepal war of 1814-16.

**Group "B"**

6×10=60

4. Write a short note on the Shakya rule of Kapilvastu.
5. Throw light on the importance of the Pashupati inscription of Jayadeva II.
6. Describe any two causes for the downfall of the Malla Kingdom of Kathmandu Valley.
7. What type of cottage industries did exist in medieval Nepal?
8. What was the role of Rajendra Laxmi in the unification of Nepal?
9. Point out the main features of the local administration of the Lichchhavi period.
10. Throw light on the contributions of Bhaskaradeva.
11. Point out the main contributions of the Kamatas in the history of Nepal.

**10. Geography I Paper (Geo.311)**  
**Exam 2071**

Full Marks : 100

Time : 3 hrs.

**Geography (311) (For: Regular Examinee only)**

**Use separate answer book for each group.**

**Attempt ALL the questions.**

**Group "A" (Geomorphology)**

**50**

1. Explain clearly with the help of diagrams the concept of the cycle of erosion. What are the main criticisms against this concept?

**OR**

**[10]**

What do you understand by Isostasy? Discuss the views of Airy and Pratt in this connection.

2. Give short answer on any FOUR:

**[4×6=24]**

- Sea-floor spreading
- "U" shaped valley and hanging valley
- Folding and faulting
- Processes of traction and saltation
- Erosion and mass wasting
- Primarrumpf and endrumpf

3. Write short notes on any FOUR:

**[4×4=16]**

- Fjords
- Talus
- Sinkholes
- Permafrost
- Asthenosphere
- Inselberg

**Group "B" (Climatology)**

**50**

4. Describe briefly the composition of atmosphere along with its importance.

**OR**

**[10]**

What is an air mass? On what basis airmasses are classified? Describe the major types of air masses.

5. Give short answers to any FOUR:

**[4×6=24]**

- Heat and temperature
- Green house effect of atmosphere
- Importance of hygroscopic nuclei
- Effect of the earth's rotation on the wind direction
- Influence of topographical change over climatic change
- Inversion of temperature

6. Write short notes on any FOUR:

- Albedo
- Climatology
- Latent heat of vaporisation
- Advection fog
- Pressure gradient force
- Katabatic winds

**11. Sociology/Anthropology I Paper (311) (Introduction to Sociology/Anthropology)**

**Exam 2071**

Full Marks: 100

**Sociology / Anthropology (311) (For: Regular Examinee only)**

**(Introduction to Sociology / Anthropology)**

Time: 3 hrs.

**Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B.**

**Group "A"**

**2×20=40**

- Define sociology and anthropology. Discuss the relationship of sociology and anthropology with history and economics.
- Describe the characteristics features of agricultural and industrial societies.
- Define social and cultural change. Describe various factors responsible for bringing



social change in Nepal.

**Group "B"**

**6×10=60**

4. Define marriage and describe the social significance of marriage.
5. Describe various types of kinship.
6. Discuss the various tasks of economic institution.
7. "Education is a process of transforming human being into a cultural being." Explain.
8. How can you justify that religion integrates society?
9. "Nepali society is a stratified society." Elucidate.
10. How can sociological and anthropological knowledge help in solving problems of society?
11. Write short notes on any TWO of the followings:
  - a. Gender
  - b. Communal modes of production
  - c. Polity as an institution

**12. Journalism (311) (Introduction to Journalism & Mass Communication)**

**Exam 2071**

Full marks : 70

**Journalism-311 (Introduction to Journalism & Mass Communication)**

**(For: Regular Examinee only)**

Time: 3 hrs.

Attempt any THREE questions from Group A and FIVE from Group B.

**Group "A"**

**3×15=45**

1. What are the Four Theories of the Press? Explain the status of the Nepali media in this regard.
2. What are the problems of radio broadcasting in Nepal? Explain the economic health of community radio in Nepal.
3. Discuss the non-linear model of communication in Nepalese context. What is the situation of public participation in the media?
4. How does film and music industry change the cultural values of any society? Give examples.

**Group "B"**

**5×5=25**

5. What is the role of a sub-editor?
6. Compare and contrast the principles of news writing and reporting.
7. What is the significance of Berlo's model of communication?
8. Does partisan press exist in Nepal? Explain.
9. Discuss the ethical trend in Nepali print media.
10. What are the relations between the economy in general and the media industry?

**13. Mathematics I Paper (Math.311) Calculus**

**Exam 2071**

Full Marks: 75

Time: 3 hrs.

**Calculus (Math. 311) 1 Paper**

**(For: Regular Examinee only)**

Attempt ALL the questions.

**Group "A"**

**5×7=35**

1. Find angle of intersection of two curves whose polar equations are  $r = f(\theta)$  and  $r = \phi(\theta)$ . What happens if the two curves touch? Find the angle between two curves  $r = n \sin 2\theta$  and  $r = a \cos 2\theta$ . [2+1+4]
2. State the Lagrange's mean value theorem and give its geometrical meaning. Examine the applicability of the theorem in  $(a < c < b)$  to the function  $f(x) = (x-1)(x-2)(x-3)$ ,  $a = 1$  and  $b = 4$ .  
If applicable, find the value of C. [1+2+4]

OR

State Taylor's series extended to infinity. Let  $R_n$  denote the remainder after  $n$  terms of the series.

Prove that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} R_n = 0$  is both necessary and sufficient condition that the function  $f(x+h)$ ,  $|h| < \delta$  can be expanded in an infinite series. Hence show that  $\sin hx = x + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \dots$  to  $\infty$  for all  $x$ . [1+3+3]

3. State the criteria for a function of two variables to have maximum and minimum values. Also, state when a point is called saddle point of the curve. Examine for maximum and minimum and obtain these values for the function  $f(x, y) = 6x - 4y - x^2 - 2y^2$ . [2+1+4]
4. State fundamental theorem of integral calculus. [1+6]

Evaluate  $\int_a^b \frac{1}{x}$ , as the limit of a sum.

OR

What are the primitive and integral of a function? Distinguish between them by means of suitable examples. Also, show that how they are connected by the fundamental theorem of calculus. [3+4]

5. What do you mean by the exact differential equations and integrating factors? State various rules for determining integrating factors of the differential equations of the form  $Mdx + Ndy = 0$ , where  $M$  and  $N$  are functions of  $x$  and  $y$ . Also, show that by means of the differential equation  $xdy - ydx = 0$ , there may be more than one integrating factors of a differential equations. [1+3+3]

Group "B"

10×4=40

6. State L'Hospital's rule. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \left( \frac{\tan x}{x} \right)^{x/2}$ . [1+3]

OR

Find the asymptotes of the curve  $x^2y - y^3 - 4y^2 + 5x - 7 = 0$ . [4]

7. If  $u = \cos^{-1} \frac{x+y}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}$ , show that  $x \frac{\sqrt{u}}{\sqrt{x}} + y \frac{\sqrt{u}}{\sqrt{y}} + \frac{1}{2} \cot u = 0$ . [4]

8. Prove that  $\int_0^{p/2} \frac{dx}{1+\sqrt{\tan x}} = \frac{p}{4}$ . [4]

9. Prove that  $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-ax} \cos bx \, dx = \frac{a}{a^2 + b^2}$   $a > 0$ . [4]

OR

Define Gamma function, use Gamma function to show that

$$\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{(1-x^6)^{1/6}} = \frac{p}{3} \quad [1+3]$$

10. Find the area of the asteroid  $x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = a^{2/3}$ . [4]

OR

Find the volume of the solid generated by the revolution of the cardioid  $r = a(1 - \cos \theta)$  about the initial line. [4]

11. Evaluate  $\int_1^2 dy \int_0^1 (x+y)^2 dx$ . [4]
12. What do you mean by Bernoulli's differential equation?  
Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{2y}{x} = \frac{y^3}{x^3}$  [1+3]
13. Find the general and singular solution of  $y = px + \frac{a}{p}$  where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$  [4]
14. Solve :  $(D^2 + 2D + 1)y = e^x = e^{-x}$ , where  $D = \frac{d}{dx}$  [4]
15. A body falls from rest. Assuming that the resistance of the air is proportional to the square of the velocity, find its velocity at any instant using different equation. [4]  
OR  
Solve :  $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} = x^2$  if  $y = 1$  when  $x = 1$ . [4]

#### 14. Mathematics II (Math.312) Analytical Geometry & Vector Analysis

Exam 2071

Full Marks: 75

##### Analytical Geometry & Vector Analysis (Math. 312)

(For: Regular Examinee only)

Time: 3hrs.

Attempt ALL the questions.

##### GROUP "A"

5×7=35

- Define tangent and normal. Obtain the equation of tangent at any point  $(x_1, y_1)$  of the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ . [2+5]
- What conic does the equation  $12x^2 - 23xy + 10y^2 - 25x + 26y - 14 = 0$  represent? If possible, find its centre and equation referred to the centre. [7]
- When will the two lines be coplanar? State the condition for the two given lines in symmetrical form to be coplanar show that the line  $\frac{x+1}{-3} = \frac{y-3}{2} = \frac{z+2}{1}$  and  $x = \frac{y-7}{-3} = \frac{z+7}{2}$  are coplanar and then find the equation of the plane containing them. [1+1+3+2]
- Show that the second degree homogeneous equation in  $x, y$  and  $z$  represent a cone whose vertex is at the origin.  
Show that the lines  $\frac{x}{l} = \frac{y}{m} = \frac{z}{n}$  where  $2l^2 + 3m^2 - 5n^2 = 0$  is a generator of the cone  $2x^2 + 3y^2 - 5z^2 = 0$  [5+2]  
OR  
Obtain the equation of a tangent plane at the point  $(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)$  on the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2ux + 2vy + 2wz + d = 0$ . [7]
- Define the scalar triple product of three non-zero vectors and interpret it geometrically. Prove that the scalar triple product of three non-zero vectors is zero when two of the vectors are equal and parallel. [1+3+3]  
OR  
Define vector triple product of any non-zero vectors  $a^{\text{TM}}, b^{\text{TM}}, c^{\text{TM}}$  and give its geometrical meaning. Find an expression for  $a^{\text{TM}} \times (b^{\text{TM}} \times c^{\text{TM}})$ . [1 + 2 + 4]

##### GROUP "B"

10×4=40

- What does the equation  $x^2 + 2\sqrt{3} 3xy - y^2 = 2a^2$  become if the axes be turned through an angle of  $30^\circ$  to the original axes? [4]  
OR  
Find the distances of the point  $(1, 2, 3)$  from the coordinate axes. Also find its



- distance from the origin. [3+1]
7. Obtain the polar equation of the conic section in the form  $r = \frac{1}{1 + e \cos \theta}$
8. What is the focal chord of a conic? PSP' and QSQ' are two perpendicular focal chords of a conic, prove that  $\frac{1}{PS \cdot SP'} + \frac{1}{QS \cdot SQ'} = \frac{1}{b^2}$  is constant. [1 + 3]
9. Find the equation of the plane through the intersection of the planes  $2x + 3y + 10z = 8$ ,  $2x - 3y + 7z = 2$  and normal to the plane  $3x - 2y + 4z = 5$ . [4]
10. Find k so that the lines  $\frac{x+1}{-3} = \frac{y-2}{2k} = \frac{z-3}{5}$  is  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}$  [4]
11. A plane passes through a fixed point (a, b, c) and cuts the axes in A, B, C. Prove that the locus of the centre of the sphere OABC is  $\frac{a}{x} + \frac{b}{y} + \frac{c}{z} = 2$ . [4]
12. Find the locus of centres of sections of  $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$  which touch  $\alpha x^2 + \beta y^2 + \gamma z^2 = 1$ . [4]
- OR
- Obtain the condition that the plane  $lx + my + nz = p$  may touch the central conicoid  $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$ . [4]
13. If  $\vec{a}$ ,  $\vec{b}$ ,  $\vec{c}$  are unit vectors such that  $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = \frac{1}{2} \vec{b}$ , find the angles which  $\vec{a}$  makes with  $\vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$ ,  $\vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$ , being non-parallel. [4]
- OR
- Prove that  $[\vec{a} \times \vec{b} \vec{b} \times \vec{c} \vec{c} \times \vec{a}] = [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}]^2$ . [4]
14. Obtain the derivative of the vector triple product. [4]
15. If  $\vec{a}$  is a constant vector then prove that:  $\vec{a} \cdot \nabla \left( \frac{1}{r} \right) = -\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{r}}{r^3}$

### 15. Statistics I Paper (311) Descriptive Statics & Introduction to Probability

Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3hrs.

#### STATISTICS I Paper (311)

#### (Descriptive Statistics & Introduction to Probability)

#### Group "A"

1. **Compulsory Question.** [5×3=15]  
Attempt any FIVE questions.
- Give the difference between nominal and ordinal scale with examples.
  - In what circumstances would you consider the arithmetic mean, geometric mean, harmonic mean, median and mode respectively, the most suitable statistic to describe the central tendency of a distribution?
  - A set of numbers has a mean of 22 and a standard deviation of 6. If 3 is added to each number of the set, and each resulting number is doubled, find the mean and standard deviation of the new set.
  - Show that the correlation coefficient is the geometric mean of the regression coefficients.
  - Write down the normal equation in fitting the model  $y = ab^x$ .
  - Define multiple correlation coefficient. Write down its main properties.
- Attempt any FIVE questions. [5×7=35]
- Differentiate between primary data and secondary data. Discuss the various methods of collection of primary data. [3+4]
  - Prove that if deviations are small compared with the mean M so that  $(x/M)^3$  and higher powers of  $x/M$  may be neglected,  $M^2 - G^2 = \sigma^2$ , where M, G and  $\sigma$  are

respectively arithmetic mean, geometric mean and standard deviation of variate  $x$ . [7]

4. What do you mean by skewness and kurtosis? Give one illustration each of the type for which you would expect the frequency to be (1) fairly symmetrical (2) positively skewed (3) negatively skewed (4) J-shaped. [3+1+1+1+1]
5. What is the difference between attribute and variable?

$$\text{If } (A) = (\alpha) = (\beta) = \frac{N}{2}$$

prove that (1)  $(AB) = (\alpha\beta)$  (2)  $(A\bar{B}) = (\alpha\bar{\beta})$ . [3+2+2]

6. What do you mean by the terms correlation coefficient and regression line. Show that the regression coefficients are independent of change of origin, but not of scale. [3+4]
7. Define partial correlation coefficient. From the data relating to yield of dry bark ( $x_1$ ), height ( $x_2$ ), and girth ( $x_3$ ) for 18 cinchona plants the following correlation coefficient were obtained:  $r_{12} = 0.77$ ,  $r_{13} = 0.72$  and  $r_{23} = 0.52$ . Find (1) the partial correlation between yield of dry bark and girth keeping height constant. (2) the multiple correlation coefficient assuming yield of dry bark as the dependent variable and also find the coefficient of multiple determination and interpret its value. [2+2+3]

### Group "B"

8. **Compulsory Question.** Attempt any FIVE questions. [5×3=15]

- a) Differentiate between independent and mutually exclusive events with examples.
- b) Three groups of children respectively 3 girls and 2 boys, 2 girls and 3 boys, and 1 girl and 4 boys. One child is selected at random from each group. Show that the chance that the three selected consists of 2 girls and 1 boy is  $\frac{37}{125}$ .
- c) If  $X$  is the number of points obtained in throwing a balanced die, find the mathematical expectation of  $X$ . Also find its variance.
- d) Let the random variable  $X$  assume the value 'r' with the probability law:  
 $P(X=r) = q^{r-1} p$ ;  $r = 1, 2, 3, \dots$   
 Find the moment generating function of  $X$ .
- e) If  $X$  follows a poisson distribution with  $P(X=0) = 0.1$ . Calculate  $P(X=1)$ .
- f) The random variable  $X$  has the probability density function:  
 $f(x) = 3x^k$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ ,  
 $= 0$ , otherwise  
 where  $k$  is the positive integer.

Find (1) the value of  $k$  (2)  $P(x \leq 0.8)$

**Attempt any FIVE questions.**

[5×7=35]

9. For  $n$  events  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n$ , prove that

$$P\left(\bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i\right) \leq \sum_{i=1}^n P(A_i) \quad [7]$$

10. Distinguish between discrete and continuous random variables. If  $X$  and  $Y$  are two independent random variables, prove that:  $V(X+Y) = V(X-Y)$ . [2+5]
11. Obtain mean variance of a negative binomial distribution. [4+3]
12. Discuss- hypergeometric distribution. Show that the distribution tends to binomial distribution as  $N \rightarrow \infty$ . [2+5]
13. Define normal distribution and discuss its chief characteristics. [2+5]
14. What is gamma distribution? Show that the sum of two gamma variates, with parameter  $\lambda$  and  $m$  is a gamma variate with parameter  $\lambda + m$ .

## 16. Music Theory (311)

Exam 2071

Full Marks: 40

Music Theory (311) (For: Regular Examinee only)

Time: 1 1/2 hrs.

(For Padma Kanya & Tatna Rajya Campus)

कुनै चार प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर लेख्नुहोस् ।

१. आफ्नो पाठ्यक्रममा भएका कुनै एकरागको पूर्ण परिचय साथै मध्यलयको स्थायी, अन्तरा लेख्नुहोस् ।

अथवा

३२ धाटोको उदाहरणसहित परिचय लेख्नुहोस् ।

२. लय कति प्रकारका हुन्छन् ? आफ्नो मत व्यक्त गर्दै तिगुन लय र चौगुन लयको उदाहरण दिनुहोस् ।

३. तल दिइएका पारिभाषिक शब्दहरूको उदाहरण दिनुहोस्:

(क) सप्तक (ख) वक्रस्वर (ग) विकृतस्वर (घ) घसिट

४. दीपचन्दी तालको परिचय मात्र र सुलतालको समान तथा चौगुन लय लेख्नुहोस् ।

५. तल दिइएका स्वरसमूहहरूलाई पहचान गरि ति रागको आरोह, अवरोह लेख्नुहोस् ।

(क) गप धसां, नीधप, मगरेसा

(ख) सां नी प, गपनीसां, नी प गपगसा

(ग) ग म प, मगरेग रे सा

(घ) सारेसा, गमध, प मधप मगरेसा

६. पाठ्यक्रममा भएका रागहरू वृन्दावनी सारङ्ग वा मारवा कुनै एको परिचयसहित मध्यलयको स्थायी, अन्तरा लेख्नुहोस् ।

## 17. Rural Development Theories, Approaches & Development I Paper (RD. 311)

Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100

Rural Development Theories, Approaches & Development (RD.311)

(For: Regular Examinee only)

Time: 3 hrs.

Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B selecting Three from each Part.

Group "A"

2×20=40

1. Explain the doctrine of balanced and unbalanced growth theories. Give your arguments for and against.
2. Define absolute and relative poverty. Review critically the poverty alleviation programmes in Nepal.
3. What is rural development planning? Why is it needed in the country like Nepal?

Group "B"

6×10=60

Part I

4. What are the indicators of development? Explain.
5. What is Rostow's growth theory? Explain the stages of growth.
6. What "is rural development? Explain the impact of education and health on it.
7. Write short notes on any TWO:
- a. Characteristics of underdeveloped economy
- b. Community development approach
- c. Project cycle

Part II

8. What is standard deviation? Find the value of standard deviation from the following data:

Marks obtained by the students in economics:	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100
Number of students	10	15	30	10	5

9. Define Rank Correlation. Calculate Spearman's rank correlation coefficient if the



marks obtained by 5 students in statistics and economics are as follows:

Statistics:	93	75	65	50	80
Economics:	85	60	73	40	90

10. How are index numbers constructed? State briefly the problems in the construction of index numbers.
11. What is matrix? Solve the following equations with the help of matrix.
- $$x + 5y + 3z = 23$$
- $$2x + 3y - 5z = 14$$
- $$5x + y - 8z = 20.$$

### 18. Philosophy I Paper (311) Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100  
Time: 3 hrs.

#### Philosophy I Paper (311) (For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B.

##### Group "A"

2×20=40

1. What are the basic features of Eastern Philosophy?
2. Discuss clearly the Eight-Fold Path of Yoga.
3. Explain Rarouanuja's refutation of Sankara's doctrine of Maya.

##### Group "B"

6×10=60

4. Explain the Vaisheshika categories of "Generality".
5. Explain the nature of inference according to Nayaya.
6. What do you understand by the Bondage of Purusa according to Shamkhya Philosophy?
7. What do you understand by 'Anupalabdhi' as a source of knowledge in the Mimamsa?
8. What is Panch Mahavrata according to Jaina Philosophy?
9. Write a note on Buddha's First Noble Truth of suffering.
10. What do you understand by non-existence of soul as propounded by Buddha?

### 19. Population Studies I Paper (311) Exam 2071

Full Marks: 100  
Time: 3 hrs.

#### Population Studies (311) (For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B.

##### Group "A"

2×20=40

1. Critically discuss fertility differentials by education, income, place of residence and migration status.
2. Critically discuss the migration trends in developed and developing countries.
3. Discuss recent trends in population growth in developed countries.

##### Group "B"

6×10=60

4. Discuss in brief the Greco-Roman writings on population theories.
5. Describe in brief the history of urbanization in the world.
6. Discuss the demographic and social implications of age and sex structure.
7. Define population studies and discuss its relationships with other disciplines.
8. Discuss the mortality differentials by education and income.
9. Discuss the determinants of age sex structure of population composition in developed countries.
10. Briefly discuss the basic features and criticisms of the optimum theory of population.
11. Discuss in brief the concept of singulate mean age at marriage.

### 20. Home Science I Paper (311) Exam 2071

Full Marks: 75  
Time: 3 hrs.

#### (Home Science (311)) (For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and FIVE from Group B.

##### Group "A"

2×15=30

1. What do you understand by protein energy malnutrition? Discuss the prevalence of protein energy malnutrition in Nepal.
2. What is food fad and faddism? Explain the prevalent food fads in different culture of Nepal.

3. Write about the cooking methods and its effect on nutrients in detail.  
Group "B" 5×9=45
4. Write introduction, definition and nutritional requirements for lactating mother.
5. What is food budgeting and why should we need to plan it?
6. What points would you keep in mind while selecting purchasing and storing foods?
7. How would you describe the water - sources, functions and electrolyte balance in the body?
8. What are the factors that influence meal planning? Explain.
9. What type of diet would you recommend for a patient suffering from infectious disease such as tuberculosis and typhoid?
10. Write notes on any TWO:  
a. Night blindness  
b. Beri - beri  
c. Goitre

## 21. SOCIAL WORK (311/301) Exam 2071

Full Marks: 60  
Time: 3 hrs.

(Social Work - 311) (For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B.

### Group "A"

2×15=30

1. Trace out the history of social work in U.S.A.
2. Discuss the basic concepts of philosophy of social work as an art and science.
3. Discuss the principles of social work.

### Group "B"

6×5=30

4. Define equality in social work.
3. Discuss the client system with suitable example.
6. Explain interview as one of the problem solving techniques.
7. Critically evaluate the human rights with reference to Nepal.
8. Show the relationship between social work and sociology.
9. Define social welfare.
10. Explain the importance of social movement in social work.
11. Write short notes on any TWO of the following:  
a. Observation  
b. Social Justice  
c. Target system

## 22. Psychology (311/301) Exam 2071

Full Marks: 75  
Time: 3 hrs.

Psychology (311) (For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt any Five questions from Group A and All from Group B and C.

### Group "A"

5×8=40

1. Explain why psychology is called a science.
2. Discuss the psychodynamic and humanistic perspectives in psychology.
3. Describe the structure and function of peripheral nervous system.
4. How do psychologists measure intelligence? Explain.
5. What socio-cultural factors influence personality? Explain.
6. Describe the factors that affect learning to be an efficient learner.

### Group "B"

4×5=20

7. Illustrate the differences between applied and basic fields of psychology.
8. Explain the psychological mechanisms responsible for hunger motive.
9. How is information processed memory? Explain different types of memory.
10. How do human beings learn through insight? Explain with examples.

### Group "C"

5×3=15

11. What is social perception?
12. Briefly state the Cannon-Bard theory of emotion.
13. What are the uses of emotional intelligence?
14. Mentally giftedness is one form of extreme intelligence. How?
15. In what ways projective test of personality are better than objective tests?

**23. History of Films (Cinema) (BFS. 314)**  
**Exam 2071**

Full Marks: 100  
Time: 3 hrs

**History of Films (Cinema) (BFS. 314)**

(For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B.

**Group "A"**

**2×20=40**

1. Illustrate and elaborate the basis of invention of kinetoscope.
2. How do you compare the work of Lumier Brothers, George Melies? Give your statement.
3. Write the importance of "Birth of A Nation".
4. Give an account of rise of the film industry in America.

**Group "B"**

**6×10=60**

5. Find out the difference between French impressionism and German expressionism.
6. Why do you think Television is a popular medium of mass communication?
7. Do you think film is an art form? Elaborate it.
8. How do you maintain continuity in film editing?
9. Give an account of Montage Theory?
10. Write a concise note on the contribution of 'Griffith'.
11. What is your idea about Nepali film history write as per your findings?
12. Write short notes on any Five:
  - a. Film as a mass communication media
  - b. Video signal
  - c. Nepali cinema
  - d. Satellite
  - e. Bergman
  - f. Pitch
  - g. Amplitude

**Tribhuvan University, 2071**

Full Marks: 100  
Time: 3 hrs.

**Bachelor Level /Film Studies/I Year/Humanities**

**Basic Film Theory (BFS.315)**

(For: Regular Examinee only)

Attempt any TWO questions from Group A and SIX from Group B.

**Group "A"**

**2×20=40**

1. What is persistence of vision? How was motion picture photography developed using the theory of persistence of vision?
2. Explain the meaning and importance of the Montage system. Discuss the qualities of tonal, overtonal and metric montage.
3. What are the main features of 'New Wave' cinema?
4. Discuss the origin and special qualities of neo-realist films.

**Group "B"**

**6×10=60**

5. What is the meaning of film genre? Discuss the special qualities of Western, Surrealist and Gangster films.
6. What is understood by Latent Image? How is it formed and processed into photographic image?
7. Elaborate the elements of 'Acting' according to Bharatmuni.
8. Elaborate distinctly the principles of film editing.
9. What do you know about the documentary film? How it could be useful to the society and nation? 10. What is an 'Imaginary Line'? Can a film director cross the line? If so how?
11. What is understood by the elements of transition in cinema? Explain at least four elements of transition.
12. How can you prove that cinema is the most effective, powerful and useful medium of mass communication?
13. Write short notes on any FIVE:
  - (a) Frequency and amplitude
  - (b) Real and virtual image
  - (c) Wipe and fade out
  - (d) Camera obscura
  - (e) Low angle and high angle
  - (f) Denotation and connotation
  - (g) Cut away and match cut
  - (h) Improvisation
  - (i) Rule of three and rule of third
  - (j) Physical continuity



**24. Buddhist Studies I Paper (311)**  
**Exam 2071**

**Buddhist Studies I Paper (311)**  
**(For: Regular Examinee only)**

**Full Marks: 100**  
**Time: 3 hrs.**

**Group "A"**

Attempt any TWO questions

2×20=40

1. Throw light on social and religious condition of Kapilvastu and other neighbouring states at the time of the advent of Lord Buddha.
2. Assess the importance of Sila, Samadhi and Prajna in the teachings of Buddha.
3. Why was the second Buddhist Council held? Throw light on the proceedings of the Council.

**Group "B"**

Attempt any FOUR questions

4×10=40

4. Describe inscriptions as sourced to the writing of history of Buddhism.
5. How Buddhism was introduced in China?
6. Discuss on the subjects taught in Nalanda in ancient India.
7. Discuss the contributions of Lichchhavi rulers to the promotion of Buddhism in Nepal.
6. What is the significance of Mamusri as described in Swayambhu Purana?
9. Throw light on Buddhist missionary of Ashok to Sri Lanka.

**Group "C"**

10. Write short notes on any FOUR:

- a. Jagadala
- b. Importance of Saranalli in Buddhism
- c. Contribution of Kanisk in Buddhism
- d. Shivadeva II
- e. Introduction of Buddhism in Thailand f. Buddhas in the Nepal Valley

**25. Dance (311) (For: Regular Examinee only)**

**Exam 2071**

**Dance (311) (For: Regular Examinee only)**

**Full Marks: 30**  
**Time: 11/2 hrs.**

कुनै पाँच प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर लेख्नुहोस् ।

१. नृत्यमा रङ्गमञ्च र प्रकाश व्यवस्थाको महत्वबारे लेख्नुहोस् ।
२. नृत्यको अरू ललितकलासँगको सम्बन्धबारे लेख्नुहोस् ।
३. बज्रसरस्वति चर्चा नृत्यको परिचय दिनुहोस् ।
४. रूपक तलको पाँचौँ जातिको परिचय लेख्नुहोस् ।

अथवा

५. एकतालको थाह, दुगुन र चौगुनमा लिपिबद्ध गर्नुहोस् ।
६. कथक नृत्यमा लखनउ घरानाको पूर्ण परिचय दिनुहोस् ।
७. दयाम्कुली नाचको तालगीतसहित परिचय लेख्नुहोस् ।
८. नृत्य विषय किन लिनु भयो, आफ्नो विचार लेख्नुहोस् ।
९. लोक नृत्यको परिचय तथा प्रकार लेख्नुहोस् ।